ST2-RES-EPA3 – Research Skills – Data collection 2

Area of practice	Research		EPA identification			ST2-RES-EPA3		
Stage of training	Stage 2 – Proficient		Version			v0.6 (EC-approved 25/05/18)		
•	ive) supe	rvision. Your supervisor feels confide		•		vity described at the required standard dditional help and that you can be trusted to		
Title	Skills in research methodology and data collection 2.							
<i>Description</i> Maximum 150 words	The trainee will demonstrate skills in research methodology through data collection in a research project undertaken during the research rotation. The trainee will demonstrate competence in planning methodology that best suits the aims of the project, e.g. outcome measurement, use of blinding and randomisation techniques and qualitative data collection (if relevant to the study).							
Fellowship competencies	ME	7	1	HA	1			
	СОМ	1	:	SCH	1,2,3			
	COL	3,4	1	PROF	1,2,3	1,2,3		
	MAN	1,3						
<i>Knowledge, skills and attitude</i> <i>required</i> The following lists are neither exhaustive nor prescriptive.	 Competence is demonstrated if the trainee has shown sufficient aspects of the knowledge, skills and attitude desc below. Ability to apply an adequate knowledge base Knowledge of research methods used in psychiatric research (quantitative and qualitative) Knowledge of outcome measures, ratings scales and other instruments commonly used in studies in the area the trainee is conducting a study. Knowledge of key concepts involved in accurate data collection, including randomisation and blinding Knowledge of processes utilised to record data in preparation for analysis 							
	 Skills Planning all aspects of methodology best suited to the aims of the study and the research question being investigated, e.g.: Subject inclusion and exclusion criteria 							

	 Demographic data to be collected 					
	 Determining what outcome measures will be appropriate, inc. if any new measures might need to be developed 					
	 Receiving appropriate training to achieve competence in the administration of any instruments to be utilised in the study If applicable, skills in collection of qualitative data e.g., speech extracts, subject interviews, surveys Construction and design of any forms or surveys to be used in the study 					
	 Skills in accurate collection of data by the use of rating scales, assessments of subjects etc. 					
	Stores all data in a secure and appropriate way					
	Attitude					
	Efficient utilisation of resources and time when collecting data for a research study					
	Collaborative involvement of supervisor and colleagues in the research/academic team					
	 Maintaining an attitude of academic rigour and objectivity when collecting data 					
	Demonstrate an appropriate ethical attitude to the research process					
Assessment method	 Progressively assessed during individual and academic supervision, including three appropriate WBAs. 					
	 at least one professional presentation to an academic meeting reporting the methodology used and some preliminary results from early collection of data 					
	• The supervisor should directly observe the trainee collecting data in at least one DOPS, e.g. administering a rating scale, interviewing a subject etc. If data is collected purely by survey, the DOPs should involve a discussion of how data from the survey forms has been collated and recorded.					
Suggested assessment method details	DOPS' and other professional presentations that assess progress at different stages of the data collection process.					
	 Supervision may include "Research-Based Discussions" that may involve the trainee presenting to their supervisor several aspects of their methodology, e.g. subject inclusion and suitability, use of rating scales etc, which may be conducted as a DOPS 					
References						
BEN TOVIM, D (1994) Handy hint	s on completing a psychiatric research project: 4. On Protocols and Ethics. Australasian Psychiatry 2(4);171-172					
BEN TOVIM, D (1994) Handy hint	s on completing a psychiatric research project: 5. On Forms, Notebooks and Copies. Australasian Psychiatry 2(5);228-229					
	2006), Research Methods in Psychiatry: A Beginner's Guide. Third Edition. Royal College of Psychiatrists London: Gaskell.					

COL, Collaborator; COM, Communicator; HA, Health Advocate; MAN, Manager; ME, Medical Expert; PROF, Professional; SCH, Scholar